CHEMISTRY PUMPING UNIT SERIES

PC 3001 VARIO select PC 3001 VARIO select TE PC 3001 VARIO select IK PC 3001 VARIO select EKP



Instructions for use



Original instructions

Keep for future use!

This document may only be used and distributed in its complete and original form. It is the user's responsibility to ensure the validity of this document with respect to the product.

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Thank you for purchasing this product from **VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG**. You have chosen a state-of-the-art, high-quality product.

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Keyword Index

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1 About this manual

This User manual is part of the product you have purchased.

This instruction manual is valid for all pumping unit models, together with the instruction manual of the **VACUU·SELECT** controller, and is intended specifically for operators.

1.1 User information

Safety

Instruction manual and safety

- Read the User manual carefully before using the product.
- Store the User manual in a place where it is accessible and close at hand at all times.
- Correct use of the product is essential for safe operation. Above all else, please follow the safety instructions!
- In addition to the information in this User manual, please also observe the applicable national regulations on accident prevention and occupational safety.

General

- General information When passing this product on to third parties, please also include the User manual.
 - All figures and drawings are examples and are solely intended for the purpose of better understanding.
 - We reserve the right to make technical changes in the course of continuous product improvement.
 - In the interest of readability, Pumping unit is equally used in place of the product name Chemistry pumping unit PC 3001 VARIO select.

Copyright

Copyright © and
copyright lawThe content of this User manual is protected by copyright law.Copies for internal purposes are permitted (e.g., for training).

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Contact

Please contact us	In case of an incomplete User manual, you can request a re-
	placement from us. Alternatively, our download portal is avail-
	able to you: www.vacuubrand.com

- Call us or write to us if you have any other questions about the product, need additional information or want to give us feedback on the product.
- When you contact our service department, please have the serial number and product type on hand --> see the nameplate on the product.

1.2 Layout of the instructions for use

Organization of instructions

The instructions for use for the pumping unit, the controller and available accessories are organized in a modular format; this means that the instructions are divided into individual, separate instruction brochures.

Instruction modules



Pumping unit series and modular instructions for use

Meaning

- 1 Safety information for vacuum equipment
- 2 Instruction manual: Vacuum controller Control and operation
- 3 Instruction manual: Pumping unit Connection, operation, maintenance, mechanical system
- 4 Optional instruction manual: Accessories

Presentation conventions 1.3

Warning messages

Presentation of warning messages

	DANGER
<u>_•</u>	Warning of imminent danger.
	Failure to observe this warning may result in imminent danger to life or severe injury.
	Please follow the instructions for prevention!

WARNING

Warning of a potentially dangerous situation.

Failure to observe this warning may result in danger to life or serious injury.

> Please follow the instructions for prevention!



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation.

Failure to observe this caution may result in minor injuries or material damage.

> Please follow the instructions for prevention!

NOTICE

Reference to a potentially harmful situation.

Failure to observe this note may result in material damage.

Additional information

Presentation of information and tips



General information about:



- **Tips and tricks**
- Helpful functions or activities

1.4 Symbols and pictograms

This instruction manual uses symbols and pictograms. These safety symbols and pictograms indicate specific dangers or requirements when handling the product. Warning signs with safety symbols on the product provide a visualization of the potential hazard.

Safety symbols

Explanation of safety symbols		General danger sign.	4	Warning of electrical voltage.
		Warning of hot surface.		Electrostatically sensitive components ESD.
		General mandatory action sign.		Disconnect power plug from electrical outlet.
	Other	symbols and pictograms		
Additional symbols	\checkmark	Positive example – Right! Result – o.k.	X	Negative example – Wrong!
		Reference to content in this User manual.		Reference to content in sup- plementary documents.

Ensure sufficient air circula-

tion.

念/

20901367_EN-US_Manual PC 3001 VARIO select series EN_V1.7_170425

Electrical and electronic equipment and batteries must not be disposed of in household waste at the end of their service life.

Inlet current arrow – vacuum connection

Outlet current arrow - exhaust gas

1.5 Action instructions

Action instructions (simple)

Action instructions

- \Rightarrow You are requested to take action.
 - $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Result of the action

Action instructions (multiple steps)

- 1. First action step
- 2. Next action step
 - ☑ Result of the action

Action instructions that require several steps must be followed in the order they are described.

Action instructions (image description)

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-> Example Principle presentation Operating steps presented in images

1.6 Abbreviations

Abbreviations used

-	_	 	

abs.	Absolute
AK	Separator flask
АТМ	Atmospheric pressure (bar graph, program)
di	Diameter
DN	Diameter nominal
EK	Emissions condenser
EKP	Peltronic emission condenser or EK – Peltronic
EX ¹	Outlet (exhaust, exit), outlet connection
⟨€x⟩	ATEX device marking
FPM	Fluoropolymer rubber
Gas type ind.	Gas type independent
GB	Gas ballast
Size	Size
IK	Immissions condenser
IN ¹	Inlet, vacuum connection
KF	Small flange
Max.	Maximum value
Min.	Minimum value
o. EK	Without emissions condenser
PA	Polyamide
PBT	Polybutylene terephthalate
PC	Chemistry pumping unit with type code
PE	Polyethylene
RMA No.	Return authorization number
SW	Wrench size (tool)
TE	Dry ice condenser
resp.	Responsible person(s)

¹ Labeling on vacuum pump or component, see also product specific abbreviations under: → Chemistry pumping unit series on page 25

1.7 Explanation of terms

Product-specific	
terms	

Separator flask	Glass flask/separator installed at the inlet or outlet.
Emission con- denser ²	Cooling condenser with receiving flask installed at the outlet (pressure side).
Fine vacuum	Pressure measurement range in the vacuum technology, from: 1 mbar–0.001 mbar (0.75 Torr–0.00075 Torr)
Rough vacuum	Pressure measurement range in the vacuum technology, from: Atmospheric pressure–1 mbar (atmospheric pres- sure–0.75 Torr)
Immission con- denser ²	Cooling condenser with receiving flask installed at the inlet (vacuum side).
PC 3001 VARIO se- lect	Vacuum pumping unit with speed control for precise vac- uum regulation with VACUU·SELECT controller and VACUU·SELECT sensor.
Peltronic	Electronic cooler with Peltier elements installed at the outlet (pressure side); condenses solvent vapors without external cooling medium.
Dry ice condenser ²	Cooling condenser with receiving flask and dry ice as cooling medium installed at the outlet (pressure side).
VACUU·BUS	VACUUBRAND bus system for the communication of pe- ripheral devices with VACUU·BUS-capable measuring equipment and controllers.
VACUU·BUS ad- dress	Address that enables a clear assignment of the VACUU·BUS client in the bus system, e.g. for the connec- tion of several sensors of the same measurement range.
VACUU·BUS client	Peripheral device or components with VACUU·BUS con- nection, which is integrated in the bus system, e.g. sen- sors, valves, level indicators, etc.
VACUU·BUS plug	4-pin round plug for the VACUUBRAND bus system.
VACUU·BUS config- uration	Using a measuring device or controller to assign a new VACUU·BUS address to a VACUU·BUS component.
VACUU·SELECT	Vacuum controller, controller with touchscreen; consist- ing of control unit and vacuum sensor.
VACUU·SELECT sensor	Vacuum sensor with integrated venting valve.
VARIO drive	Speed control for vacuum pumps; the motor only runs as fast as needed.

2 Only suitable for the condensation of vapors.

2 Safety instructions

The information in this chapter must be observed by all persons who work with the device described here.

The safety instructions are valid for all life stages of the product.

2.1 Use

The device may only be used in perfect technical condition.

2.1.1 Proper use

Proper use A chemistry pumping unit of the PC 3001 VARIO select product series is a vacuum system consisting of a vacuum pump, controller, vacuum sensor, cooler, and separator for generating and regulating a rough vacuum in systems designed for this purpose.

> Attached coolers (emissions condenser, immissions condenser, dry ice cooler, Peltronic emissions condenser), including separator and flask, are designed exclusively for condensing vapors.

> Application example: Evacuating distillation instruments, especially rotary evaporators.

The vacuum system should only be used in a dry, non-explosive environment.

Proper use also includes:

- following the instructions in the document *Safety information* for vacuum equipment,
- observing the instruction manual,
- observing the instruction manual of connected components,
- complying with inspection and maintenance intervals and having this carried out only by qualified personnel,
- using only approved accessories or replacement parts.

Any other use or use beyond this is considered improper.

2.1.2 Improper use

Improper use Improper use or any use that does not correspond with the technical data can lead to personal or material damage.

Improper use is considered:

- use that contradicts the proper use,
- operation in unauthorized ambient and operating conditions,
- operation with obvious faults, damages or defective safety equipment,
- unauthorized extensions and modifications, especially when these compromise safety,
- use in an incomplete state,
- operation with sharp-edged objects,
- pulling connectors on the cable out of the socket,
- vacuuming, pumping and condensing solid materials or liquids.

2.1.3 Foreseeable misuse

Misuse In addition to improper use, there are other types of use that are forbidden when handling the device.

Forbidden types of use are primarily:

- use on people or animals,
- setup and operation in a potentially explosive environment,
- use in mining or underground,
- using the product to generate pressure,
- fully exposing vacuum equipment to the vacuum,
- submerging vacuum equipment in liquids, exposing to spray water or steam spraying,
- pumping oxidizing and pyrophoric materials, liquids or solids,
- pumping media that is hot, unstable, potentially explosive or explosive,
- pumping materials that can react explosively under impact and/ or increased temperature without air supply.

The user must prevent the penetration of foreign bodies, hot gases and flames.

2.2 Responsibilities

Follow the instructions for all actions as they are specified in this instruction manual.

Responsibilities of the operator

Operator responsibilities The operator defines the responsibilities and ensures that only trained or qualified personnel work on the vacuum system. This applies in particular to connection, assembly work, maintenance tasks and fault elimination.

> Users in the competency areas listed in the→ **Target group descrip**tion on page 15 must have the corresponding qualification for the listed activities. Only qualified electricians are permitted to carry out special work on electrical equipment.

Personnel responsibilities

Personnel responsibilities For activities that require protective clothing, the personal protection equipment specified by the operator must be worn.

When the vacuum system is not in proper operating condition, it must be secured against accidental restart.

- \Rightarrow Always work with safety in mind.
- ⇒ Follow the operator's instructions and the national regulations on accident prevention and occupational safety.



Personal conduct can contribute to the prevention of occupational accidents.

2.3 Target group description

Target groups The instruction manual must be read and observed by every person entrusted with one of the following activities.

Personnel qualification

Qualification descriptionOperatorLaboratory personnel, e.g. chemists, physicists, lab techniciansQualified employeePerson with professional qualification for maintenance
and/or repair in the field of: mechanical systems, electrical
systems or laboratory equipment. The assigned work can
be assessed and potential dangers detected.Responsible spe-
cialistQualified employee with additional field, department or
division responsibility who is assigned by the operator.

Responsibility matrix

Who-does-what Task Operator **Qualified** Responsible matrix employee specialist Installation Х Х Х Initial operation х Х Х Network integration Х Operation Х Х Х Fault reporting Х Х Х Fault elimination (x) Х Х Device fuse replacement Х Х Maintenance Х Х **Repair**³ Х Х Repair order Х Cleaning, simple Х Х Х **Emptying separator** Х Х Х Decommissioning Х Х Х Decontamination⁴ Х Х

3 See also homepage: VACUUBRAND > Support > Repair instructions

4 Or have decontamination carried out by a qualified service provider.

2.4 Protective clothing

Special protective clothing is not required for operation of the vacuum pump. Follow the operator's instructions for your workplace.

For cleaning, maintenance and repair work, we recommend wearing fully adequate protective gloves, clothing and glasses.

⇒ Wear your personal protection equipment when handling chemicals.

2.5 Safety measures

Products of **VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG** are subject to high quality control requirements in terms of safety and operation. Each product is put through an extensive test program before delivery.

Operator measures

- Operator measures ⇒ Use your vacuum device only when you have understood the instruction manual and the operation.
 - ⇒ Replace defective components immediately (e.g., broken power cables, defective hoses or flasks).
 - ⇒ Use only original accessories and components that are designed for the vacuum technology, e.g., vacuum hose, separator, vacuum valve, etc.
 - ⇒ When handling contaminated parts, follow the relevant regulations and protection measures; this also applies to sending parts in for repair.
 - For repairs, send us the carefully filled out and signed Clearance Certificate **before** you send your product in for repair. It must be possible to exclude hazardous substances for all repairs sent to our service department.



Manufacturer mea-

sures

2.6 Laboratory and work materials

DANGER

Hazardous substances leak at the outlet.

When operating the vacuum device, hazardous, toxic substances can leak into the ambient air at the outlet.

- Observe the operating instructions and safety regulations when handling hazardous substances and dangerous media.
- > Take into account that adhesive process media can present a danger to humans and the environment.
- > Use and install suitable separators and filters for your activity.
- > Work with fume cupboards that are designed for the hazardous substances used and offer maximum protection for people and the environment.

Dangers posed by different substances

Pumping different substances Pumping different substances or media can trigger a reaction between materials.

> Work materials that leak into the vacuum pump with the gas flow can damage the vacuum pump. Hazardous substances can form deposits in the vacuum pump.

Possible protective measures

Protective measures, depending on the application

- ⇒ Rinse the vacuum pump with inert gas or air before you change the pumping medium.
- ⇒ Use inert gas to dilute critical mixtures.
- ⇒ Prevent the release of hazardous, toxic, explosive, corrosive, health-damaging or environmentally harmful fluids, gases or vapors, e.g. by using suitable laboratory equipment with an extraction system and ventilation control.
- ⇒ Protect the inside of the vacuum pump from deposits or humidity, e.g. by using a gas ballast feed system.
- ⇒ Observe the interactions and possible chemical reactions of the pumped media.

- ⇒ Check the compatibility of the pumped substances with the medium-affected materials of the pumping unit.
- ⇒ Contact us if you have concerns about using your vacuum pump with special work materials or media.

Preventing foreign bodies inside the pump

Observing the vacuum pump design The vacuum pump is designed for pumping gases. Particles, liquids and dust are therefore not permitted inside the vacuum pump.

- ⇒ Do not pump any substances that can form deposits inside the vacuum pump.
- ⇒ Install suitable separators and/or filters in front of the inlet. Suitable filters are chemical resistant, clog-free and ensure a constant flow rate.
- ⇒ Replace porous vacuum hoses promptly.

2.7 Possible sources of danger

Considering mechanical stability

Observing mechani- [cal stability

Due to the high compression ratio of the pumps, a higher pressure can build up at the outlet than the mechanical stability of the system allows.

- Always ensure that the outlet line is open and free of pressure. To guarantee an unobstructed emission of gases, the outlet must remain unblocked.
- ⇒ Prevent uncontrolled excess pressure (e.g., from shut-off or blocked piping system, condensate, or clogged outlet line).
- At the gas connections, the connections for inlet (IN) and outlet (EX) may never be confused.
- ⇒ Observe the max. pressure at the inlet and outlet of the pump as well as the max. permissible differential pressure between inlet and outlet, in accordance with the *technical data*.
- ⇒ The system to be evacuated and all hose connections must be mechanically stable.
- Attach the coolant hoses to the hose nozzles so that they do not come loose unintentionally.

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Preventing condensate return flow

Preventing backlog Condensate can damage the pump head. Condensate must never in the exhaust line flow back through the hose line into the outlet and into the pump head. Liquid may not accumulate inside the outlet hose. ⇒ Prevent condensate return flow by using a separator. Condensate is not allowed to enter the inner housing through the hose lines. \Rightarrow If possible, lay the outlet hose so that it is descending from the outlet (i.e., running downward) so that no backlog can form. ⇒ Incorrect measurement due to blocked vacuum line (e.g., condensate in the vacuum line) can distort the measurements of the vacuum sensor. \Rightarrow Prevent excess pressure in the suction hose. **Dangers during ventilation** Looking out for dan-Depending on the process, a potentially explosive mixture can form gers during ventilain installations or other dangerous situations can occur. tion ⇒ When flammable substances are present, use only inert gas (e.g., nitrogen) for ventilation (max. 1.2 bar/900 Torr abs.). Dangers due to residual energy Possible residual en-After the vacuum pump has been switched off and disconnected ergies from the power network, dangers may still be present due to residual energies: Thermal energy: motor waste heat, hot surface, compression heat. Electrical energy: the installed capacitors have a discharge time of up to 3 minutes. Please note the following before performing actions: \Rightarrow Allow the vacuum pump to cool down. ⇒ Wait until the condensers have discharged. Dangers due to hot surfaces or overheating Depending on the operating and ambient conditions, hot surfaces Surface temperatures may pose a hazard. Eliminate danger from hot surfaces. Avoid direct contact with the surface or wear heat-resistant safety gloves if contact cannot be excluded.

- ⇒ Provide contact protection if the surface temperature should be elevated on a regular basis.
- ⇒ Allow the vacuum pump to cool down before performing maintenance tasks.
- Overheating The vacuum pump can become damaged due to overheating. Potential causes are insufficient air supply to the cooling fan and/or non-compliance with minimum distances.
 - ⇒ When setting up the device, observe a minimum distance of 5 cm between the cooling fan and adjacent parts (e.g., housing, walls).
 - Always ensure that there is sufficient air supply; if necessary, provide an external forced ventilation system.
 - ⇒ Place the device on a stable surface. A soft surface (e.g., foam as sound absorber) can impair and block the supply of air.
 - ⇒ Clean dirty ventilation slots.
 - ⇒ Remove any covers not belonging to the product from the device before putting it into operation.
 - ⇒ Avoid applying too much heat due to hot process gases.
 - ⇒ Observe the maximum permissible media temperature in accordance with the *technical data*.

Handling coolants and cryogenic materials properly

Proper handling of Cryogenic materials may cause frostbite (cold burns) when contact is made with skin.

- ⇒ Observe the valid regulations for handling cryogenic materials.
- ⇒ Use only permitted transport containers.
- ⇒ Take the necessary safety precautions when handling cryogenic cooling media, e.g. dry ice.
- ⇒ Do not use any damaged components.
- ⇒ Wear your personal protection equipment when handling hazardous materials.
- \Rightarrow Ensure proper ventilation of the workplace.

Dry ice is not permitted for use in gas-tight containers. Do not fasten the cover on the dry ice condenser. The pressure compensation between the coolant and the atmosphere must be ensured at all times.

Ensure that signs are readable

Labels and signs Make sure that instructions and signs attached to the device remain in a readable condition:

- ⇒ Labels for connections
- ⇒ Warning and information signs
- ⇒ Motor data and type plates

2.8 Motor protection

Overheating protection, blockage protection The motor board has a temperature sensor for overload protection; the motor current is also monitored. The pump is switched off in the event of overtemperature, excess current, or a blocked pump.

Restart procedure Attention: Only manual reset possible. If the pump is switched off because of this safety measure, the fault must be reset manually: Acknowledge the error message on the controller \rightarrow Switch off the pump or pull out the mains plug \rightarrow Determine and eliminate the cause of the fault \rightarrow Allow the pump to cool down and switch it on again.

2.9 ATEX device category

Installation and explosive environment

Installation and operation in areas where an explosive atmosphere can occur in dangerous quantities is not permitted.

The user is responsible for assessing the hazards for the device, so that any protection measures can be implemented for the installation and safe operation.

The ATEX certification applies only for the inner area in contact with media of the pumping unit, not for the surrounding area.

ATEX device marking

ATEX device category



Vacuum devices labeled with the marking 🐵 are certified in accordance with the ATEX marking on the type plate.

Operation is only permitted in technically sound condition.

The product is designed for a low degree of mechanical danger and must be installed so that it cannot be mechanically damaged from the outside.

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ATEX device category and peripheral devices

Preventing sources of ignition

The ATEX device category of the pumping unit depends on the connected components and the periphery. Components and peripheral devices must have the same or higher ATEX classification.

The use of ventilation values is only permitted if it is ensured that this normally does not produce explosive mixtures in the interior of the pumping unit or that in all probability explosive mixtures are only briefly or rarely produced.

⇒ If necessary, ventilate with inert gas.

Information about the ATEX device category can be found online: ATEX information

Restrictions on operating conditions

Explanation of usage conditions X *Type plate example*



Meaning for devices marked with X:

- The devices have a low mechanical protection and must be installed so that they cannot be mechanically damaged from the outside; e.g., installing pumping units with impact protection, attaching shatter protection for glass flasks, etc.
- The devices are designed for an ambient and media temperature of +10 °C to +40 °C during operation. These ambient and media temperatures must never be exceeded. When conveying/ measuring non-explosive gases, extended gas suction temperatures apply, see chapter: Technical data, media temperature (gas).



2.10 Disposal

NOTICE

Improper disposal of electronic components can result in damage to the environment.

Electronic equipment contains hazardous materials that can damage the environment or human health. Discarded electronic equipment also contains valuable raw materials, which can be recovered if properly disposed of for recycling.

End users are required by law to bring waste electrical and electronic equipment to an approved collection site.

- ⇒ It is your responsibility to save and delete any data before disposing of your electronic device.
- ▷ Please properly dispose of electrical waste and electronic components at the end of their service life.
- ⇒ Observe the national regulations on disposal and environmental protection.

3 Product description

Pumping units of the PC 3001 VARIO select series essentially consist of a diaphragm pump controlled by VARIO drive, a VACUU·SELECT type vacuum controller with VACUU·SELECT sensor, and a cooler with separator. There are different versions of chiller. The difference lies in how the chillers operate.

A frequency converter and a switched-mode power supply are installed in the pump.

3.1 Basic configuration of pumping unit series



View and basic configuration PC 3001 VARIO select

Meaning

- 2 Separator flask AK, round flask at inlet
- 3 Distributor head
- 4 Rating plate
- 5 Handle
- 6 Gas ballast valve
- 7 Connections on EK: outlet, coolant
- 8 Pressure relief valve
- 9 On/Off button VACUU·SELECT[®] Controller
- 10 Chemistry diaphragm pump
- **11** VACUU·SELECT[®] Sensor, installed in pumping unit housing
- 12 Emissions condenser EK

- 13 Vacuum inlet, on rear round flask
- 14 Round bottom flask at outlet
- **15** VACUU·SELECT[®] control unit, removable

3.2 Chemistry pumping unit series

Overview of chemistry pumping unit models



d PC 3001 VARIO select EKP

Product-specific abbreviations

Product-specific abbreviations

AK	Separator flask, installed at inlet or outlet
EK	Emission condenser, installed at outlet
EKP	Peltronic emission condenser [®] , installed at outlet
ІК	Immission condenser, installed at inlet
w/o EK	Without emission condenser
PC	Chemistry pumping unit with type code
TE	Dry ice condenser, dry ice cooler

3.3 Condensers and coolers

3.3.1 Separator/condenser at inlet

Connection at the separator flask

Connections on the AK



Meaning

1 Inlet connection vacuum IN

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3 Coolant outlet connection EX

3.3.2 Condenser at outlet

Connection and coolant on the vapor condenser



Connection and coolant on the inlet condenser



Connection and coolant on the dry ice condenser

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Meaning

- movable for emptying, secured with bayonet fastener
- **2** EX outlet connection (gas/pumped media)
- **3** Vacuum pump connection

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Connections on the Peltronic emission condenser

- **1** Outlet connection EX
- 2 Vacuum pump connection
- 3 VACUU BUS connection

⊳

4 Power connection with on/off switch



For detailed information and descriptions about the Peltronic emission condenser -> see the Peltronic EK instruction manual.

3.4 Application example

Evaporation





Meaning

1 vacuum pumping unit PC 3001 VARIO select

- 2 Outlet hose (diverted into a fume hood)
- 3 Chiller
- 4 Vacuum hose
- **5** Coolant hoses (connected in series)
- 6 Example: Rotary evaporator

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Vacuum concentrator

-> Example Vacuum concentrator



Meaning

- 1 Vacuum pumping unit PC 3001 VARIO select TE
 - 2 Outlet hose (diverted into a fume hood)
 - **3** Vacuum hose
 - 4 Vacuum valve: shut-off valve
 - **5** Example: Vacuum concentrator

4 Installation and connection

4.1 Transport

Products from **VACUUBRAND** are packaged in stable, recyclable packaging.



- The original packaging is customized to your product for safe transport.
 - If possible, keep the original packaging, e.g. for sending in for repairs.

Incoming goods

- ⇒ Check the delivery immediately after receipt for any transport damage and for completeness.
- ⇒ Promptly report transport damage to the supplier in writing.

Unpacking

-> Example Pumping unit in original packaging

Glass flask in enclosed box



- 1. Only lift the device by the designated handles or grip recesses.
- 2. Remove the connections, such as hose nozzles and screw connections, from the glass flask.
- 3. Compare the scope of delivery with the delivery note.

4.2 Installation

NOTICE

Condensate can damage the electronics.

A large difference in temperature between the storage location and the installation site can lead to the formation of condensate.

⇒ After receipt or storage, allow your vacuum device to acclimatize for at least 3–4 hours before putting it into operation.

Checking the installation conditions

Calibrating the installation conditions

- The device is acclimatized.
- The ambient conditions are met and lie within the limitations of use.
- The pump must installed on a stable and secure floor, with no other mechanical contact apart from the pump feet.

Installing the vacuum pump



- ⇒ Place the vacuum pump on a stable, vibration-free, level surface.
- ⇒ When installing into laboratory furniture, maintain the minimum distance of 5 cm (2 in.) to adjacent objects or surfaces.
- Avoid heat accumulation and ensure sufficient air circulation, especially in closed housings.

-> Example Sketch of minimum distances in laboratory furniture

Observing the limitations of use

Ambient conditions

Ambient conditions		(US)
Ambient temperature	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Installation height, max.	2000 m above sea level	6562 ft above sea level
Humidity	30 – 85 %, non-condensing	
Degree of contamination	2	
Impact energy	5 J	
Protection class (IEC 60529)	IP 20	
Protection class (UL 50E)		Type 1

Avoid condensate or contamination from dust, liquids and corrosive gases.

- ⇒ Note the indicated IP protection rating. The IP protection is only guaranteed if the device is properly installed and connected.
- ⇒ When connecting the device, always take note of the specifications from the type plate and in the chapter technical data.

4.3 Connection (supply connections)

On the pumping unit, supply connections are provided for vacuum and exhaust, and optionally for gas ballast, ventilation and coolant. Set up the connection for your pumping unit as described in the following examples. Also attach the provided screw fasteners and glass flasks to the condensers.

4.3.1 Vacuum connection (IN)



CAUTION

Flexible vacuum hoses can contract during evacuation.

Non-fixed, connected components may cause injury or do damage due to the jerky movement (shrinking) of the flexible vacuum hose. The vacuum hose can come loose.

- > Fasten the vacuum hose to the connections.
- Fasten connected components.
- Measure the flexible vacuum hose so that the maximum shrinkage, i.e. the contraction, is taken into account.

NOTICE

Foreign bodies in the suction line can damage the vacuum pump.

▷ Prevent particles, liquids or contaminants from being vacuumed or from being able to flow back.



-> Example Vacuum connection at inlet IN



- 1. Join the sealing ring (a), the cap nut (b) and hose nozzle (c) as pictured.
- 2. Slide the vacuum hose **(d)** from the apparatus onto the hose nozzle and fasten the vacuum hose, e.g. with a hose clamp.



You will achieve the optimal vacuum for your application if you observe the following points:

- ➡ Connect the shortest possible vacuum line with the maximum possible cross-section.
- ⇒ Use a vacuum hose with sufficient stability that is designed for the vacuum range used.
- ⇒ Connect hose lines so they are gas tight.
4.3.2 Outlet connection (OUT)



WARNING

Risk of bursting due to overpressure inside the outlet line.

Inadmissibly high pressure in the outlet line can cause the vacuum pump to burst or damage seals.

- > The outlet line (outlet, gas outlet) must always be clear and non-pressurized.
- > Always lay the outlet hose in a descending direction, or take measures to prevent condensate return into the vacuum pump.
- > Observe the maximum admissible pressures and pressure differences.

Connect the outlet hose

→ Example Outlet connection at outlet EX



- 1. Connect rubber sealing ring (a), hose nozzle (b) and union nut (c) as shown and screw them onto the connection.
- 2. Push outlet hose (d) onto the hose nozzle and, if necessary, lay the hose in a fume hood. If necessary fix the outlet hose (e.g., with a hose clamp).

4.3.3 Coolant connection on the condenser

Coolant connection Inflow and outflow

-> Example

on EK or IK

Coolant connection

An emissions condenser EK has one connection for coolants. Water or liquid in the circuit of a recirculating chiller, for example, is suitable for cooling.

- In a closed, internal coolant circuit, the pressure should be limited to 3 bar (44 psi).
- A cooling water valve may be installed only in the inflow; the coolant outflow must be open and free of pressure.



Connecting coolant⁵

- 1. Fasten both hose nozzles (a) with the union nut (b) to the condenser as illustrated.
- 2. Fasten the hoses for the coolant on the condenser as shown in the diagram:
 IN = inlet

EX = outlet

3. Fasten the hoses (e.g., with hose clamps).

⁵ Also applies to immission condenser IK

4.3.4 Dry ice condenser

NOTICE

Damage to the dry ice condenser due to cryogenic substances.

- ⇒ Carry out a visual inspection prior to each use. Glass surfaces must be free from damage, ruptures, cracks and scratches.
- ⇒ Only loosely lay on the cover of the dry ice condenser, thus ensuring pressure equalization between the coolant and the atmosphere.
- ⇒ The coolant can escape from the chiller unexpectedly, e.g., in case of high gas volume.

Cooling with dry ice condenser

Cooling with refrigerant mixtures The dry ice condenser does not have a coolant connection. For cooling, the dry ice chiller is filled with a refrigerant mixture. These refrigerant mixtures consist of cold to cryogenic media and a liquid for better cooling transfer.

Details refrigerant mixture

-> Example Refrigerant mixtures	Refrigerant mixtures		
	Ethanol/dry ice mixture		
	Water/ice mixture		
	Brine/ice mixture		
			(1.1.0)
	Admissible cooling temperatures		(US)
	cold	-18 – -5 °C	-0.4 – 23 °F
	very cold	-30 – -18 °C	-22 – -0.4 °F
	cryogenic	below -30 °C	less than -22 °F
	lowest	-80 °C	-112 °F

Fill the dry ice condenser



Risk of injury when handling cryogenic coolants.

Cryogenic substances can cause frostbite, or 'cold burns', on contact with skin.

> Avoid skin contact and always wear your personal protective equipment, e.g., thermal protective gloves, protective goggles, when handling cryogenic substances.



- 1. Remove cover (a) from dry ice chiller (b).
- 2. Use your preferred refrigerant mixture (c) to fill container (d).
 - \square Do not overfill the container.
- 3. Then replace the cover on the dry ice chiller.
 - ☑ Only ever lay the cover on loosely, do not secure it.
 - Regularly check the coolant level in the chiller during operation.

-> Example Fill the dry ice condenser with refrigerant mixture

Empty the dry ice condenser TE

Before refilling the dry ice condenser with coolant, it may need to be emptied first. Remove the chiller insert (bayonet fastener) and empty it.



4.3.5 Venting connection



DANGER

Explosion risk due to air ventilation.

Depending on the process, a potentially explosive mixture can form during ventilation, or other dangerous situations can occur.

- Never ventilate processes with air in which a potentially explosive mixture can form.
- > When flammable substances are present, use only inert gas for ventilation, e.g. nitrogen (max. 1.2 bar/900 Torr abs.).

Vent with ambient air⁶

Position of sensor + venting valve sectional diagram



For venting with ambient air, nothing needs to be connected to venting valve (b) of sensor (a).

⁶ Only applicable to sensors with an integrated venting valve.

Vent with inert gas - connect venting valve⁷

Required connection material: Hose for hose nozzle (Ø 4–5 mm), e.g., silicone tube 3/6 mm.



- 1. Slightly tilt the pumping unit to one side and push hose (c) onto the connection of venting valve (b).
- 2. Route the hose underneath the pumping unit to the outside and connect the inert gas (max. 1.2 bar/900 Torr, abs.).

Position of sensor + inert gas venting valve (sectional diagram)

⁷ Avoid overpressure.

4.3.6 Gas ballast (GB)

Use ambient air as gas ballast

DANGER

Explosion risk due to air as gas ballast.

By using air as a gas ballast, a small amount of oxygen enters the inside of the vacuum pump. Depending on the process, a potentially explosive mixture can form due to oxygen in the air, or other dangerous situations can occur.

In the presence of flammable substances and for processes in which a potentially explosive mixture can occur, use only inert gas as a gas ballast, e.g. nitrogen (max. 1.2 bar/900 Torr abs.).

Gas ballast valve position



If ambient air is to be used as gas ballast, nothing needs to be connected at the pumping unit; gas ballast valve (a); see also chapter: \rightarrow Operation with gas ballast on page 52

Use of inert gas as gas ballast - OPTION

Prepare the inert gas connection (GB)



⇒ Remove the black gas ballast cap and connect a gas ballast adapter in its place.



On request, we can send you connection options and adapters for hose nozzles or small flanges.

4.4 Electrical connection

Connecting the pumping unit to the electrical system



- 1. Plug the socket (a) of the power cable into the power connection of the vacuum pump.
- 2. Connect the power plug (b) to the power outlet.
 - ☑ Pumping unit connected to the electrical system.

NOTICE Lay the power cable so that it cannot be damaged by sharp edges, chemicals or hot surfaces.

-> Example Electrical connection of the pumping unit \rightarrow Example

Power plug types



The vacuum pump is delivered ready for use with the appropriate power plug.

NOTICE

- ⇒ Use the power plug which fits your power connection.
- ⇒ Do not use multi-outlet power strips connected in series as the power connection.
- ⇒ The power plug also serves as a disconnector. Install the unit so that the plug can be easily disconnected from it.

Connection options for vacuum accessories

The VACUU·BUS interface is used as the power supply and control line for vacuum accessories.

- 1. Connect your accessories to your controller via the VACUU·BUS cable.
- 2. If necessary, extend the range and connection scope using suitable Y adapters and extension cables.

Power connections with country code

en d s

Accessories -> see Chapter Ordering information

-> Example Schematic diagram of controller with connected valve and sensors

5 **Operation**

Before putting into operation, make sure that the activities described in the chapter **Installation and power connection** have been carried out properly.

With the exception of the chapter Switching on and off, this instruction manual contains descriptions about the mechanics of a PC 3001 VARIO select series pumping unit.

The operation of an installed vacuum regulator ⁸ and its functions are described in the instruction manual of a **VACUU-SELECT**.

5.1 Switching on

Switching on the pumping unit

Switching on



- 1. Switch on the rocker switch (a) switch position I.
- 2. Press the ON/OFF button (b) on the controller.
 - ☑ Display with start screen.
 - After approx. 30 seconds, the process display appears with the control elements in the display of the controller.

⁸ WEB: https://www.vacuubrand.com/controller

5.2 Operation with controller

5.2.1 Operator interface

Operator interface

VACUU·SELECT[®] with process display



Process display



- 1 Status bar
- 2 Analog pressure display pressure curve
- **3** Digital pressure display pressure value (target value, actual value, pressure unit)
- 4 Process display with context functions
- 5 Screen navigation
- 6 Controls for the controller

Pressure display for a process

	Controls	
Operating elements	Button	Function
vacuum controller		Start Start application – available only on the process screen.
		Stop op application – always possible.
	VENT	VENT ⁹ – Vent the system (option) Press button < 2 s = vent briefly; control continues.
		Press button > 2 s = vent to atmospheric pressure; vac- uum pump is stopped. Press button during venting = venting is stopped.
		Favorites View Favorites menu.

9 The VENT button is only shown if a ventilation valve is connected or activated.

5.2.2 Operation

Starting the vacuum controller





Stopping the vacuum controller



Ventilating



5.2.3 Operation with gas ballast

Meaning The supply from the gas ballast (= gas addition) ensures that vapors are not condensed in the vacuum pump; instead, they are emitted out of the pump. This allows greater amounts of condensable vapors to be pumped, which extends the service life. The end vacuum with gas ballast is slightly higher.

Opening/closing the gas ballast valve



- ⇒ Turn the black gas ballast cap in any direction to open or close the gas ballast valve.
- ⇒ If possible, evacuate the condensable vapors (e.g., water vapor, solvents) only when the vacuum pump is at operating temperature and the gas ballast valve is open.
- ⇒ Connect inert gas as the gas ballast in order to prevent and exclude the formation of potentially explosive mixtures during operation.
- ▷ Comply with the max. permitted pressure of 1.2 bar/900 Torr abs. at the gas ballast connection.



Operating the gas ballast valve

5.3 Switching off (decommissioning)

Switching off the pumping unit

- Switching off, e.g. taking the pumping unit out of operation
- Stop the process and allow the pumping unit to continue running for approx. 30 minutes with open gas ballast or open inlet (IN).
 - ☑ Condensate and residual media are rinsed out of the vacuum pump.

NOTICE Avoid deposits and rinse the condensate out of the pump.



- 2. Switch off the rocker switch (a) switch position 0.
 - ☑ Pumping unit switched off.
- 3. Disconnect the power plug.
- 4. Disconnect the pumping unit from the equipment.
- 5. Empty the glass flasks.
- 6. Check the pumping unit for any damage and soiling.

5.4 Storage

Store the pumping unit

- 1. Clean the pumping unit if required.
- 2. Recommendation: Perform preventative maintenance before storing the pumping unit. Especially if it ran more than 15,000 operating hours
- 3. Close the inlets and outlets (e.g., with the transport locks).
- 4. Package the pumping unit such that it is protected from dust; enclose desiccant if necessary.
- 5. Store the pumping unit in a cool, dry location.

NOTICE If damaged parts are stored for operational reasons, these should be clearly identified as not operational.

6 Troubleshooting

6.1 Technical assistance

For troubleshooting, refer to table \rightarrow *Error* – *cause* – *remedy on page 55*.

For technical assistance or in the event of an error, please contact our Service department.

	The	device should only be operated in perfect technical condition.
1	⇔	Adhere to the recommended maintenance intervals to ensure a properly functioning system.
	⇔	Send defective devices to our Service department or your spe- cialist retailer for repairs.

6.2 Error – cause – remedy

Error	Cause	Remedy	Personnel
Readings deviate from the reference standard	Vacuum sensor dirty. Moisture in the sen- sor. Sensor defective. Sensor measures in- correctly.	Clean sensor mea- suring chamber. Allow sensor measur- ing chamber to dry (e.g., by pumping down). Calibrate sensor with reference gage. Replace defective components.	Qualified employee
Sensor does not pass on measured value	No voltage applied. VACUU·BUS plug-in connection or cables defective or not con- nected.	Check VACUU·BUS plug-in connection and cables to the controller.	Operator
Sensor does not pass on measured value	Sensor defective.	Replace defective components.	Qualified employee
Venting valve does not operate	No voltage applied. VACUU·BUS plug-in connection or cables defective or not con- nected. Venting valve dirty.	Check VACUU·BUS plug-in connection and cables to the controller. Clean venting valve. If necessary, use a different, external venting valve.	Operator

Error	Cause	Remedy	Personnel
Venting valve does not operate	Venting valve in sen- sor defective.	Replace defective components.	Qualified employee
No or little suction power	Leak in the suction line or in the appara- tus. Round-bottomed flasks not mounted properly. Condensate inside the vacuum pump. Gas ballast open. Gas ballast cap por- ous or no longer present. Vacuum line too long or cross-section too small.	Check suction line and apparatus for possible leaks. Check the round-bot- tom flask and fit it correctly. Check apparatus for leaks. Allow vacuum pump to run for a few min- utes with the suction nozzle open. Close gas ballast. Check gas ballast cap. Replace defective gas ballast cap. Use shorter vacuum lines with a larger cross-section.	Operator
No or little suction power	Deposits inside the vacuum pump. Diaphragms or valves defective. High level of vapor generated in the process.	Clean and check pump heads. Replace diaphragms and valves. Check process pa- rameters.	Qualified employee
No display	Pumping unit switched off. Power plug not cor- rectly plugged in or pulled out. VACUU·BUS plug connection or ca- bling not plugged in. Controller switched off.	Switch on Pumping unit. Check mains connec- tion and mains cable. Check VACUU·BUS plug-in connection and cables to the controller. Switch on the con- troller.	Operator
No display	VACUU·BUS plug connection or ca- bling defective. Controller defective.	Check VACUU·BUS plug-in connection and cables to the controller. Replace defective components.	Qualified employee

Error	Cause	Remedy	Personnel
Condenser (chiller) defective	Mechanically dam- aged.	Send in.	Techni- cian
Loud operating noises	Outlet line open. No hose installed. Glass flask on EK missing.	Check outlet line connections. Connect the outlet line to an extraction system or fume hood. Check hose and in- stall it right. Assemble glass flask.	Operator
Loud operating noises	Torn diaphragm or loose diaphragm clamping disc.	Service the vacuum pump and replace defective parts or send in the device.	Qualified employee
	Ball bearing defec- tive.	Send in the device.	Techni- cian
Vacuum pump does not start.	Pumping unit switched off. Power plug not cor- rectly plugged in or pulled out. VACUU·BUS plug-in connection or cables defective or not con- nected. Overpressure in the outlet line.	Switch on Pumping unit. Check power con- nection and cable. Check VACUU·BUS plug-in connection and cables to the controller. Open the outlet line. Ensure a clear pas- sage.	Operator
Vacuum pump stopped Vacuum pump does not start	Motor overloaded. Motor overheated. Thermal protection triggered.	Allow the motor to cool down. Reset the fault man- ually: Acknowledge the error message on the controller \rightarrow Switch off the pump or pull out the mains plug \rightarrow Determine and eliminate the cause of the fault \rightarrow Allow the pump to cool down and switch it on again.	Qualified employee

Error		Cause	Remedy	Personnel
	red leakage t too high	A frequency con- verter and a switched-mode power supply are in- stalled in the pump.	Use a suitable mea- suring method/mea- suring device.	Qualified employee

7 Cleaning and maintenance

WARNING

- Danger due to electrical voltage.
- > Switch off the device before cleaning or maintenance.
- > Disconnect the power plug from the power outlet.

WARNING

Danger due to contaminated components.

When pumping dangerous media, hazardous materials can adhere to interior pump components.

If this case applies to you:

- > Wear your personal protective equipment (e.g., safety gloves, eye protection, and, if required, a respirator).
- Decontaminate the vacuum pump as far as possible before opening the vacuum pump. If required, have the vacuum pump decontaminated by an external service provider.
- > Take safety precautions when handling hazardous materials, in accordance with your operating instructions.

NOTICE

Carrying out work in an improper manner may cause damage.

- ⇒ Have Maintenance tasks carried out by a qualified specialist or at least a trained person.
- ⇒ Before carrying out the first Maintenance, please read through all action instructions to obtain an overview of the service activities required.

7.1 Information on service activities

Recommended maintenance interval¹⁰

Maintenance intervals

->Example Recommended auxiliary equipment for cleaning and maintenance

Maintenance intervals	As required	15,000 h
Replace membranes		х
Replace valves		x
Clean or replace PTFE molded hose	х	
Replace pressure release valve on EK	х	
Clean pumping unit	x	

Recommended auxiliary equipment

<section-header>

Meaning

- 2 Glass pipette
- 3 Protective gloves
- 4 Chemical resistant container and funnel

¹⁰ Recommended maintenance interval according to hours of operation and under normal operating conditions; depending on the setting and field of application, we recommend carrying out cleaning and maintenance as needed.

Tools needed for maintenance

-> Example Tools

Meaning



No.	Tool	Size
1	Flat-head screwdriver Opening hose clamps	Size 1
2	Torx screwdriver Screw fasteners for EK or IK counter-holder	TX10
3	Open-end wrench Union nut M14 Rotate elbow fitting	SW17 SW14
4	Phillips-head screwdriver Screw fasteners for TE or EKP bracket	Size 2
5	Flat-nose pliers Closing hose clamps	
6	Hexagon socket wrench Screw fasteners for handle Screw fasteners for housing cover Fixing screws for sensor	Size 5 Size 4 Size 3
7	Seal set PC 3001 VARIO select #20696828 Membrane wrench Diaphragm Valves	SW46

7.2 Cleaning

This chapter does not describe how to decontaminate the product. Simple cleaning and care measures are described here.

⇒ Before cleaning, switch off the pumping unit.

CAUTION
 Risk of burning due to hot surfaces
An elevated exhaust gas temperature can lead to hot sur- faces on the instrument and on attached components (e.g., glass flasks). The temperatures generated during opera- tion may cause burns.
 > Use protection against accidental contact, especially when the exhaust temperature is persistently high.
 Allow the instrument to cool before you empty the glass flask or begin performing maintenance tasks.
 For tasks that must be performed during operation, use your personal protection equipment (e.g., heat-resistant safety gloves).

7.2.1 Housing surface

Cleaning the surface



Clean soiled surfaces with a clean, slightly damp cloth. We recommend water or a mild soap solution to moisten the cloth.

7.2.2 Emptying the glass flask

Removing and emptying the glass flask



- Open the joint clamp and remove the glass flask.
- Empty the glass flask into a suitable container, e.g. a chemical-resistant canister.
- 3. Reattach the glass flask (separator) to the condenser with the joint clamp.



Depending on the application, the collected liquid can either be recycled or properly disposed of.

7.2.3 Clean the sensor and venting valve

In case of incorrect measurements or malfunctions that indicate contamination of the sensor and/or venting valve, we recommend cleaning the sensor and the venting valve. Cleaning is also recommended prior to re-calibration.

-> Example Emptying the glass flask

Remove the sensor

-> Example Remove the sensor





1. Switch the pumping unit off and unplug the power plug.



- Remove the vacuum controller from the housing and disconnect any connected VACUU·BUS connectors.
- 3. Remove the glass flasks and place them on suitable stands.



4. Close the hose nozzle of the chiller and carefully turn the pumping unit upside down.



 Open the union nut on the sensor, open-end wrench SW17, and pull off the molded hose.

-> Example Remove the sensor



 Disconnect the VACUU·BUS connector at the bottom and remove the sensor.

Clean the sensor

size 3

-> Example Clean the measurement chamber and the venting valve



1. Use a pipette to fill a small amount of solvent, e.g., benzene, into the openings.



- 2. Leave the solvent to act for a few minutes before pouring it off.
- 3. Repeat until the solvent is free from contaminants.
- 4. Let the interior of the sensor air dry or dry under vacuum.

-> Example

Fit the sensor



Install the sensor

 Connect the VACUU·BUS connector and place the sensor on the holder.



2. Insert the screws and screw them in until they are finger-tight, hex key size 3.



3. Push the molded hose onto the connection and screw on the union nut until it is finger-tight; open-end wrench SW17.



- 4. Turn the pumping unit right side up and connect the cables: VACUU·BUS, power plug.
- 5. Secure the glass flasks with the joint clamp.
- 6. Switch on the pumping unit and the vacuum controller.

NOTICE Re-calibrate the sensor if incorrect values are displayed -> see vacuum controller manual.

7.2.4 Cleaning or replacing PTFE molded hoses

Maintenance provides an opportunity to check the components of the pumping unit, including the hosing.

- ⇒ Clean the inside of highly soiled molded hoses, e.g. with a pipe cleaner or similar.
- ⇒ Replace cracked or defective molded hoses.

7.3 Vacuum pump maintenance

7.3.1 Maintenance items

Positions to be maintained

-> Example Pump head maintenance



Description

Maintenance items

- **1** Housing cover, power supply side
- 2 Housing cover with gas ballast
- ⇒ Perform maintenance on the pump heads one after the other.
- Always replace all diaphragms and valves of the pump heads as described in the graphic description for pump head (1).



Straightforward maintenance due to split work steps.

- ⇒ On one pump head pair, first replace the diaphragms.
- ⇒ Then change the inlet/outlet valves.
- ⇒ Then repeat these steps for the next pump head.



Exploded drawing of pump head (example)

-> Example Exploded drawing of pump head

Description Valve

Valve maintenance

- **1** Screw fittings
- 2 Housing cover
- 3 Valves

Diaphragm maintenance

- 4 Head cover
- **5** Diaphragm clamping disc with square head screw
- 6 Diaphragms
- 7 Diaphragm support disc
- 8 Spacer discs, max. 4
- 9 Pumping unit

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7.3.2 Change the diaphragms and valves

Preparation







1. Switch the pumping unit off and unplug the power plug.



2. Remove the glass flasks and connected hoses (coolant, vacuum).

-> Example Remove the EK (IK)



3. Unscrew the screws from the counterhold; Torx screwdriver TX10.



4. Remove the counterhold and set it aside with the screws.

-> Example Remove the EK (IK)

5	
5. Unscrew the union nut and pull off the molded hose.	6. Remove the chiller.
 Set the chiller down se- curely so that no liquid can escape. 	

Remove the TE or EKP

-> Example Remove the dry ice condenser (TE) or Peltronic vapor condenser (EKP)



⇒ Unscrew the 2 screws; Phillips screwdriver size 2.



-> Example

Remove the housing sections on the left

⇒

The chillers TE and EKP are secured with retaining plates.

On these chillers, only loosen the screws in the retaining plates on the pumping unit.

Disassemble the device and housing sections



 Loosen the union nut; open- 2 end wrench SW17.

Rotate the angled screw fitting to one side by a quarter turn; open-end wrench SW14.



Lift off the housing cover

and pull off the molded

7.

hose.

8. Check for adhered valves and place the housing cover with the screw fittings to one side.

-> Example Remove the housing sections on the left


of the head covers.

NOTICE Valves must be correctly positioned, otherwise the vacuum pump will not generate a vacuum.

aphragm support disc.

Replacing membranes

2 Fold the diaphragm up at Carefully position the di-1. 2. the sides. aphragm wrench on the di-

→ Example Diaphragm replacement



wrench to screw out the as-

sembly.

4. Lift the membrane with all its parts out of the vacuum pump.

		5	
	Do not let any spacers fall into the aluminum housing. Make sure there are no spac- ers stuck to the connecting rod.	5.	Disassemble the assembly and take a new diaphragm; seal set #20696828.
-	Keep the spacers for later use. It is imperative that these are re-installed in the same quantity.		



- Ensure that the membrane is installed correctly with the coated, light side facing the tension disk.
- Ensure that it is correctly positioned on the square bolt.



6. Assemble the diaphragm assembly and ensure its correct positioning on the square head.



7. Use the correct number of spacer discs.



8. Secure the diaphragm assembly inside the diaphragm wrench.



9. Hold the spacer discs firmly and place the assembly on the connecting rod thread.





 Once all valves are positioned correctly, initially insert the molded hose.

Change valves

→ Example Valve replacement

of valves.

→ Example Valve replacement



 Position the housing cover so that it is level and screw in the screw fittings; hex key size 4, tightening torque 6 Nm.

Assemble the device and housing sections

Before restarting the pumping unit, all previously removed parts of the device and housing must be fixed back in place.



1. Set the pumping unit upright.



2. Rotate the angled screw fitting back into the molded hose by a quarter turn.



 Screw on the union nut until 4. it is finger-tight; open-end wrench SW17.



. Secure the handle; hex key size 5.

-> Example Mount the device and housing sections





 Secure the counter holder; Torx screwdriver TX10 For EKP or TE, please screw on the retaining plate; Phillips screwdriver size 2.



8. Secure the glass flasks with the joint clamp.

Diaphragm and valve replacement, next pump head

-> Example Second pump head maintenance



- 1. Turn the the pumping unit to the other side.
- 2. Repeat the above steps for diaphragm and valve replacement.

If the maintenance work is fully completed:

- ⇒ Connect the hosing for operation.
- \Rightarrow Connect the pumping unit to the power supply.
 - ☑ Pumping unit ready for restart.
 - ☑ Without reconnection -> Pumping unit prepared for storage.

8 Annex

8.1 Technical data

Chemistry pumping unit series		
PC 3001 VARIO select	PC 3001 VARIO	select IK
PC 3001 VARIO select TE	PC 3001 VARIO	select EKP
Technical data		
Ambient conditions		(US)
Ambient temperature	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Installation height, max.	2000 m above sea level	6562 ft above sea level
Humidity	30 – 85 %, non-conde	nsing
Degree of contamination	2	
Impact energy	5 J	
Protection class (IEC 60529)	IP 20	
Protection class (UL 50E)		Type 1
Avoid condensate or contaminat	tion from dust, liquids a	and corrosive gases.
Operating conditions		(US)
Operating temperature	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Storage/transport temperature	-10 – 60 °C	14 – 140 °F
Maximum permissible media ten	nperature (gas) of non-	explosive atmospheres:
Continuous operation Inlet pressure > 100 mbar (75 Torr), high gas load	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Continuous operation Inlet pressure < 100 mbar (75 Torr), low gas load	0 – 60 °C	32 – 140 °F
Short term (< 5 minutes) Inlet pressure < 100 mbar (75 Torr), low gas load	-10 – 80 °C	14 – 176 °F
ATEX conformity	II 3/- G Ex h IIC T3 Gc X Tech. File: VAC-EX02	Internal Atm. Only
	PC 3001 VARIO select PC 3001 VARIO select TE Technical data Ambient conditions Ambient temperature Installation height, max. Humidity Degree of contamination Impact energy Protection class (IEC 60529) Protection class (UL 50E) Avoid condensate or contaminat Avoid condensate or contaminat Operating temperature Storage/transport temperature Maximum permissible media tem Continuous operation Inlet pressure > 100 mbar (75 Torr), high gas load Continuous operation Inlet pressure < 100 mbar (75 Torr), low gas load	PC 3001 VARIO select TEPC 3001 VARIOTechnical dataAmbient conditions10 – 40 °CAmbient temperature10 – 40 °CInstallation height, max.2000 m above sea levelHumidity30 – 85 %, non-conderDegree of contamination2Impact energy5 JProtection class (IEC 60529)IP 20Protection class (UL 50E)Void condensate or contamination from dust, liquids aOperating conditions10 – 40 °COperating temperature10 – 40 °CStorage/transport temperature-10 – 60 °CMaximum permissible media temperature (gas) of non- Continuous operation10 – 40 °CContinuous operation0 – 60 °CInlet pressure > 100 mbar (75 Torr), high gas load-10 – 80 °CShort term (< 5 minutes)

Maximum permissible media ter	mperature (gas) of 🖾 a	itmospheres:
Continuous operation Inlet pressure > 100 mbar (75 Torr), high gas load	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Continuous operation Inlet pressure < 100 mbar (75 Torr), low gas load	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Short term (< 5 minutes) Inlet pressure < 100 mbar (75 Torr), low gas load	10 – 40 °C	50 – 104 °F
Connections		
Vacuum, inlet IN	Hose nozzle DN 6-10	
Gas ballast GB	Gas ballast valve, mar	nual
Inert gas adapter – OPTION	Small flange GB NT KF Hose nozzle GB NT DN	
Ventilation valve (ventilation with inert gas) – OPTION	Silicon rubber hose 3/	6
Coolant EK (+IK)	2x (+2x) hose nozzle D	N 6/8
Outlet EX	Hose nozzle DN 8/10	
Cold-device plug	+ power connection C	EE, CH, CN, UK, IN, US
Plug-in connector	VACUU·BUS®	
Electrical data		(US)
Rated voltage	200 – 230 VAC ±10 %	100 – 120 VAC ±10 %
Power frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Rated current, max.	0.7 A	1.6 A
Nominal capacity	0.16 kW	0.21 hp
Speed range*, min.–max.	0 – 3000 rpm	0 – 3000 rpm
Motor protection	Temperature sensor, ing	motor current monitor-
Overvoltage category	Ш	
Interface	VACUU·BUS [®]	
Power cable	2 m	
Device fuse on motor circuit board	1x 1.1 AT (VACUU·BUS 1x 7 AF	i)
* Smooth running from speeds >	> 200 rpm	

				<i>t</i>
Vacuum data				(US)
Inlet pressure / outlet pres sure / differential pressure solute		1.1 bar		16.0 psi
Pressure at gas connections, absolute max.		1.2 bar		17.5 psi
Sensor		integrated		integrated
Measurement principle			•	aluminum oxide), capac- ndent, absolute pres-
Measurement accuracy		±1 mbar/hPa/Torr, ±1 digit (after adjustment, constant temperature)		
Upper measurement limit		1080 mbar		810 Torr
Lower measurement limit		0.1 mbar		0.1 Torr
Temperature drift		< 0.15 mbar/K		< 0.11 Torr/K
Max. pumping speed		2.0 m³/h		1.18 cfm
End vacuum, absolute		2.0 mbar		1.5 Torr
End vacuum with GB, abso	olute	4 mbar		3 Torr
Number of cylinders/stage	es	4/3		
Weights* and dimension	s (L x \	N x H)	()	US)
PC 3001 VARIO select	303 m x 400	nm x 306 mm mm	1	1.9 in x 12.0 in x 15.7 in
Weight*	8.2 kg	5	1	8.1 lb
PC 3001 VARIO select TE	300 m x 493	nm x 341 mm mm	1	1.8 in x 13.4 in x 19.4 in
Weight*	8.7 kg	5	1	9.2 lb
PC 3001 VARIO select IK	309 m x 400	nm x 312 mm mm	1	2.2 in x 12.3 in x 15.7 in
Weight*	8.8 kg	5	1	9.4 lb
PC 3001 VARIO select EKP	300 mm x 370 mn x 400 mm		1	1.8 in x 14.6 in x 15.7 in
Weight*	11.8 kg		2	6.0 lb
* without cable				
Other specifications				
Sensor type		VACUU	-SELEC	T Sensor
Controller		VACUU	-SELEC	Г

Volume of condensate collection flasks	500 ml
A-weighted emission sound pressure level ¹¹ (uncertainty K _{pA} : 3 dB(A))	42 dB(A)

8.2 Wetted materials

Wetted materials	Component	Wetted materials
	Pump	
	Housing cover	PTFE
	Head cover	ETFE carbon fiber reinforced
	Diaphragm clamping disc	ETFE carbon fiber reinforced
	Diaphragm	PTFE
	Valves	FFKM
	Pumping unit	
	Inlet	PPS (IK: PP)
	Outlet	PET (PC 3001 without EK: PTFE carbon reinforced)
	Hoses	PTFE
	Hose fitting	ETFE, ECTFE
	O-ring on separator	Fluoroelastomer
	Pressure relief valve at the vapor con- denser	Silicone rubber, PTFE film
	Distributor head (inlet)	PPS glass fiber reinforced, PP (blind plate)
	Condenser IK, EK, TE	Borosilicate glass
	Round bottom flask	Borosilicate glass
	Peltronic emissions condenser	ETFE, ECTFE, PP, PA
	Silencer	PBT, PVF, rubber
	VACUU·SELECT Sensor	
	Vacuum sensor	Aluminum oxide ceramic, gold-coated
	Measurement chamber	PPS
	Small flange OPTION	PP
	Seal on sensor	Chemical-resistant fluoroelastomer
	Hose nozzle	PP
	Seal on venting valve	FFKM

11 Measurement at end vacuum at 62% speed according to DIN EN ISO 2151:2009 and EN ISO 3744:1995 with outlet line at outlet connection

8.3 Rating plate

Specifications from the type plate



- In case of error, take note of the type and serial number from the type plate.
- When contacting our service department, provide the type and serial number from the type plate. This way we can provide you with targeted support and consultation for your product.

Pumping unit type plate, general



* Specification of the documentation, group and category, marking G (gas), ignition protection type, explosion group, temperature class (see also: Approval ATEX device category).

8.4 Order data

Order data accessories

Accessories	Order No.
Vacuum hose DN 6 mm (l = 1000 mm)	20686000
Vacuum hose DN 8 mm (l = 1000 mm)	20686001
Coolant valve VKW-B	20674220
Ventilation valve VBM-B	20674217
Level sensor	20699908
VACUU·SELECT Sensor	20612881
VSK 3000	20640530
Initial calibration (DAkkS accredited)	20900214
Re-calibration (DAkkS accredited)	20900215

Order data replacement parts

Replacement parts	Order No.	
Hose nozzle 6 curved	20639948	
Hose nozzle DN 6/10	20636635	
Small flange KF DN 16	20635008	
Extension cable VACUU	20612875	
Extension cable VACUU	·BUS, 2 m	20612552
Extension cable VACUU	·BUS, 10 m	22618493
Spherical joint clamp V	A KS35/25	20637627
Glass flask/round flask	500 ml	20638497
PA knurled nut M14x1 (union nut)	20637657
PA clamping ring D10 (s	eal)	20637658
Emissions condenser El	۲, complete	On request
Dry ice condenser TE		On request
Immissions condenser	К	On request
Peltronic emissions cor	20636298	
Anti-rotation protection	n D17x17.5	20635113
Gas ballast cap		20639223
Power cable	CEE	20612058
	СН	20676021
	CN	20635997
	IN	20635365
	US	20612065
	UK	20676020



VACUUBRAND > Support > Repair instructions > Chemistry pumping units.

Supply sources

⇒

International agents and dealers

Purchase original accessories and original replacement parts from a branch office of VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG or from your local dealer.



⇒ You can find information on the complete product range on our website: www.vacuubrand.com.

Your local distributor or VACUUBRAND sales office is available to assist you with orders, questions on vacuum control and optimal accessories.

⇒

Annex

8.5 Service information

Take advantage of the comprehensive range of services available from **VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG**.

Services in detail

Service offer and service range

- Product consultation and practical solutions
- Fast delivery of spare parts and accessories
- Professional maintenance
- Immediate repairs processing
- On-site service (on request)
- Calibration (DAkkS-accredited)
- With Health and Safety Clearance form: return, disposal

Visit our website for further information: www.vacuubrand.com.

Service handling



Follow these headings: VACUUBRAND > Support > Service

Reduce downtimes, speed up processing. When contacting our service department, please have the required information and documents ready.

- \Rightarrow Your order can be assigned quickly and easily.
- ⇒ Risks can be excluded.
- A short description, photos or diagnostics data help to narrow down the error.

8.6 EU declaration of conformity

EG-Konformitätserklärung für Maschinen EC Declaration of Conformity of the Machinery Déclaration CE de conformité des machines

Hersteller / Manufacturer / Fabricant: VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG · Alfred-Zippe-Str. 4 · 97877 Wertheim · Germany

Hiermit erklärt der Hersteller, dass das Gerät konform ist mit den Bestimmungen der Richtlinien: Hereby the manufacturer declares that the device is in conformity with the directives: Par la présente, le fabricant déclare, que le dispositif est conforme aux directives:

- 2006/42/EG
- 2014/30/EU
- 2014/34/EU
- 2011/65/EU, 2015/863

Chemie-Pumpstand / Chemistry pumping unit / Groupe de pompage « chimie »: Typ / Type / Type: PC 3001 VARIO select / PC 3001 TE VARIO select / PC 3001 EKP VARIO select / PC 3001 IK VARIO select

Artikelnummer / Order number / Numéro d'article: **20700200, 20700201, 20700202, 20700203, 20700207 / 20700220, 20700223 / 20700245 / 20700265**

Seriennummer / Serial number / Numéro de série: Siehe Typenschild / See rating plate / Voir plaque signalétique

Angewandte harmonisierte Normen / Harmonized standards applied / Normes harmonisées utilisées: EN ISO 12100:2010 (ISO 12100:2010), EN 1012-2:1996 + A1:2009, EN 61010-1:2010 + A1:2019 + A1:2019/AC:2019 (IEC 61010-1:2010 + COR:2011 + A1:2016, modifiziert / modified / modifié + A1:2016/COR1:2019) EN IEC 61326-1:2021 (IEC 61326-1:2020) EN 1127-1:2019; EN ISO 80079-36:2016 (ISO 80079-36:2016) EN IEC 63000:2018 (IEC 63000:2016)

Bevollmächtigter für die Zusammenstellung der technischen Unterlagen / Person authorised to compile the technical file / Personne autorisée à constituer le dossier technique: Dr. Constantin Schöler · VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG · Germany

Ort, Datum / place, date / lieu, date: Wertheim, 07.05.2024

(Dr. Constantin Schöler) Geschäftsführer / Managing Director / Gérant

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 www.vacuubrand.com



8.7 UKCA conformity declaration

Declaration of Conformity

UK CA

Manufacturer:

VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG · Alfred-Zippe-Str. 4 · 97877 Wertheim · Germany

Hereby the manufacturer declares that the device is in conformity with the directives:

- Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008 No. 1597, as amended by S.I. 2019 No. 696)
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016 No. 1091, as amended by S.I. 2019 No. 696)
- The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016 No. 1107, as amended by S.I. 2019 No. 696)
- The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012 No. 3032)

Chemistry pumping unit:

Type: PC 3001 VARIO select / PC 3001 TE VARIO select / PC 3001 EKP VARIO select / PC 3001 IK VARIO select

Order number: 20700200, 20700201, 20700202, 20700203, 20700207 / 20700220, 20700223 / 20700245 / 20700265

Serial number: See rating plate

Designated standards applied: EN ISO 12100:2010, EN 1012-2:1996+A1:2009, EN 61010-1:2010+A1:2019, EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019/AC:2019-04 EN 61326-1:2013 EN 1127-1:2019, EN ISO 80079-36:2016 EN IEC 63000:2018

Person authorised to compile the technical file: Dr. Constantin Schöler · VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG · Germany

Place, date: Wertheim, 07.05.2024

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8.8 Certificate (CUS)

Cert	ificate	TÜVRheinland
Certificate no.	CU 72200438 01	
License Holder: VACUUBRAND GMBH Alfred-Zippe-Str 97877 Wertheim Germany		
Test report no.: USA- 3	2080512 001 Client Reference: Dr.	Wollschläger
CAN/C	010-1:2012 R7.19 SA-C22.2 NO. 61010-1-12 + GI1 + G hragm vacuum pump system for labor	
CAN/C Certified Product: Diag Units Model :	SA-C22.2 NO. 61010-1-12 + GI1 + G	ratory use License Fee - 7 E,
CAN/C Certified Product: Diap Units Model : Designation	<pre>SA-C22.2 NO. 61010-1-12 + GI1 + GI hragm vacuum pump system for labor PC 3001 y zzzzz; VP 2 autovac y = basic, VARIOpro, VARIOpro TI VARIOpro IK, VARIO select, VARIO select TE, or VARIO se z = blank, A-Z, +, - 100 - 230 V AC; 50/60Hz 1.6 - 0.7 A (max)</pre>	ratory use License Fee - 7 E,
CAN/C Certified Product: Diap Units Model : Designation Input voltage: Input current:	<pre>SA-C22.2 NO. 61010-1-12 + GI1 + GI hragm vacuum pump system for labor PC 3001 y zzzzz; VP 2 autovac y = basic, VARIOpro, VARIOpro TI VARIOpro IK, VARIO select, VARIO select TE, or VARIO se z = blank, A-Z, +, - 100 - 230 V AC; 50/60Hz 1.6 - 0.7 A (max) I</pre>	ratory use License Fee - 7 E,

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